

# SAFETY DATA SHEET



## BETANAL QUATTRO

Version 1 / NZ  
102000000613

1/11  
Revision Date: 02.10.2017  
Print Date: 07.12.2017

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### SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

#### 1.1 Product identifier

Trade name                                    BETANAL QUATTRO  
Product code (UVP)                        06367933

#### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use   Herbicide  
EPA-Nr.   HSR100882

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier                                        Bayer New Zealand Limited  
  3 Argus Place, Hillcrest  
  Auckland 0627  
  New Zealand  
  
Telephone                                       0800 428 246  
  
Telefax   (09) 441 8645

#### 1.4 Emergency telephone no.

Emergency Number                         0800 734 607 (24hr)  
Global Incident Response                 +1 (760) 476-3964 (Company 3E for Bayer AG, Crop Science Division)  
Hotline (24h)

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### SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

**Classified as hazardous according to the criteria in the Hazardous Substances (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001**

6.1D  
H332    Harmful if inhaled.  
  
6.9B  
H373    May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.  
  
9.1B  
H411    Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.  
  
9.2A  
H421    Very toxic to the soil environment.  
  
9.3C  
H433    Harmful to terrestrial vertebrates.

#### 2.2 Label elements

Labelling in accordance with Hazardous Substances Identification Regulations 2001

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Hazard label for supply/use required.



**Signal word:** Warning

### Hazard statements

H332 Harmful if inhaled.  
H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.  
H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.  
H421 Very toxic to the soil environment.  
H433 Harmful to terrestrial vertebrates.

### Precautionary statements

P102 Keep out of reach of children.  
P260 Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.  
P391 Collect spillage.  
P314 Get medical advice/ attention if you feel unwell.  
P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local regulation.

### 2.3 Other hazards

No other hazards known.

## SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

### 3.2 Mixtures

#### Chemical nature

Suspo-emulsion (SE)  
5.5% Phenmedipham (60 g/l), 5.5% Desmedipham (60 g/l), 5.5% Ethofumesate (60 g/l), 18.3% Metamitron (200 g/l)

#### Hazardous components

Name	CAS-No.	Conc. [%]
Phenmedipham	13684-63-4	5,50
Desmedipham	13684-56-5	5,50
Ethofumesate	26225-79-6	5,50
Metamitron	41394-05-2	18,30
Ammonium distyrylphenyl ether sulphate	59891-11-1	$\geq 1,0 - < 3,0$
Fatty alcohol ethoxylate	68131-39-5	$\geq 0,1 - < 1$
1,2-Benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	2634-33-5	$\geq 0,005 - < 0,05$

#### Further information

Phenmedipham	13684-63-4	M-Factor: 1 (acute)
Desmedipham	13684-56-5	M-Factor: 10 (acute), 10 (chronic)

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### SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

<b>General advice</b>	Move out of dangerous area. Place and transport victim in stable position (lying sideways). Remove contaminated clothing immediately and dispose of safely.
<b>Inhalation</b>	Move to fresh air. Keep patient warm and at rest. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.
<b>Skin contact</b>	Wash off thoroughly with plenty of soap and water, if available with polyethyleneglycol 400, subsequently rinse with water. If symptoms persist, call a physician.
<b>Eye contact</b>	Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
<b>Ingestion</b>	Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

**Symptoms** Tiredness, Headache, Trembling, Lethargy, Dyspnoea, Ataxia

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

**Risks** This product, although being a carbamate, is NOT a cholinesterase inhibitor.

**Treatment** Treat symptomatically. In case of ingestion gastric lavage should be considered in cases of significant ingestions only within the first 2 hours. However, the application of activated charcoal and sodium sulphate is always advisable. There is no specific antidote. Forced alkaline diuresis and hemodialysis may be considered.

Contact the National Poisons and Hazardous Chemicals Information center in Dunedin, PO Box 913, Dunedin. Phone 0800 POISON (0800 764 766).

### SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media

**Suitable** Water spray, Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>), Foam, Sand

**Unsuitable** High volume water jet

**5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture** In the event of fire the following may be released: Hydrogen cyanide (hydrocyanic acid), Carbon monoxide (CO), Sulphur oxides, Nitrogen oxides (NO<sub>x</sub>)

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

**Special protective equipment for firefighters** In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.



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### SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### 8.1 Control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Control parameters	Update	Basis
Phenmedipham	13684-63-4	1,5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (TWA)		OES BCS*
Desmedipham	13684-56-5	1,2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (TWA)		OES BCS*
Ethofumesate	26225-79-6	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (TWA)		OES BCS*

\*OES BCS: Internal Bayer AG, Crop Science Division "Occupational Exposure Standard"

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

##### Personal protective equipment

In normal use and handling conditions please refer to the label and/or leaflet. In all other cases the following recommendations would apply.

##### Respiratory protection

Respiratory protection is not required under anticipated circumstances of exposure.

Respiratory protection should only be used to control residual risk of short duration activities, when all reasonably practicable steps have been taken to reduce exposure at source e.g. containment and/or local extract ventilation. Always follow respirator manufacturer's instructions regarding wearing and maintenance.

##### Hand protection

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. Also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion, and the contact time.

Wash gloves when contaminated. Dispose of when contaminated inside, when perforated or when contamination on the outside cannot be removed. Wash hands frequently and always before eating, drinking, smoking or using the toilet.

Material	Nitrile rubber
Rate of permeability	> 480 min
Glove thickness	> 0,4 mm
Protective index	Class 6
Directive	Protective gloves complying with EN 374.

##### Eye protection

Wear goggles (conforming to EN166, Field of Use = 5 or equivalent).

##### Skin and body protection

Wear standard coveralls and Category 3 Type 4 suit.

If there is a risk of significant exposure, consider a higher protective type suit.

Wear two layers of clothing wherever possible. Polyester/cotton or cotton overalls should be worn under chemical protection suit and should be professionally laundered frequently.

If chemical protection suit is splashed, sprayed or significantly contaminated, decontaminate as far as possible, then carefully remove and dispose of as advised by manufacturer.

##### General protective measures

If product is handled while not enclosed, and if contact may occur: Complete suit protecting against chemicals

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### SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

<b>Form</b>	suspension
<b>Colour</b>	white to light beige
<b>Odour</b>	aromatic
<b>pH</b>	4,0 - 7,0 at 10 % (23 °C) (deionized water)
<b>Flash point</b>	>100 °C No flash point - Determination conducted up to the boiling point.
<b>Density</b>	ca. 1,09 g/cm <sup>3</sup> at 20 °C
<b>Water solubility</b>	dispersible
<b>Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water</b>	Phenmedipham: log Pow: 3,59 Desmedipham: log Pow: 3,39 Ethofumesate: log Pow: 2,7 at 25 °C Metamitron: log Pow: 0,86
<b>Viscosity, dynamic</b>	150 - 350 mPa.s at 20 °C Velocity gradient 20 /s 50 - 160 mPa.s at 20 °C Velocity gradient 100 /s
<b>Surface tension</b>	ca. 39 mN/m Determined as a 0,1% solution in distilled water (1 g/l).
<b>9.2 Other information</b>	Further safety related physical-chemical data are not known.

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### SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

#### 10.1 Reactivity

**Thermal decomposition** Stable under normal conditions.

**10.2 Chemical stability** Stable under recommended storage conditions.

**10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions** No hazardous reactions when stored and handled according to prescribed instructions.

**10.4 Conditions to avoid** Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.

**10.5 Incompatible materials** Store only in the original container.

**10.6 Hazardous decomposition products** No decomposition products expected under normal conditions of use.

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### SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

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<b>Acute oral toxicity</b>	LD50 (Rat) > 2.000 mg/kg
<b>Acute inhalation toxicity</b>	During intended and foreseen applications, no respirable aerosol is formed.
<b>Acute dermal toxicity</b>	LD50 (Rat) > 4.000 mg/kg
<b>Skin irritation</b>	No skin irritation (Rabbit)
<b>Eye irritation</b>	Slight irritant effect - does not require labelling. (Rabbit)
<b>Sensitisation</b>	Non-sensitizing. (Guinea pig) OECD Test Guideline 406, Buehler test Sensitising (Mouse) OECD Test Guideline 429, local lymph node assay (LLNA)

### Assessment STOT Specific target organ toxicity – single exposure

Phenmedipham: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Desmedipham: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Ethofumesate: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Metamitron: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Assessment STOT Specific target organ toxicity – repeated exposure

Phenmedipham caused haemolytic anaemia, methaemoglobinaemia in animal studies. The observed effects do not appear to be relevant for humans.

Desmedipham caused methaemoglobinaemia, haemolytic anaemia in animal studies. The observed effects do not appear to be relevant for humans.

Ethofumesate did not cause specific target organ toxicity in experimental animal studies.

Metamitron did not cause specific target organ toxicity in experimental animal studies.

### Assessment mutagenicity

Phenmedipham was not mutagenic or genotoxic based on the overall weight of evidence in a battery of in vitro and in vivo tests.

Desmedipham was not mutagenic or genotoxic based on the overall weight of evidence in a battery of in vitro and in vivo tests.

Ethofumesate was not mutagenic or genotoxic in a battery of in vitro and in vivo tests.

Metamitron was not mutagenic or genotoxic in a battery of in vitro and in vivo tests.

### Assessment carcinogenicity

Phenmedipham was not carcinogenic in lifetime feeding studies in rats and mice.

Desmedipham was not carcinogenic in lifetime feeding studies in rats and mice.

Ethofumesate was not carcinogenic in lifetime feeding studies in rats and mice.

Metamitron was not carcinogenic in lifetime feeding studies in rats and mice.

### Assessment toxicity to reproduction

Phenmedipham caused reproduction toxicity in a two-generation study in rats only at dose levels also toxic to the parent animals. The reproduction toxicity seen with Phenmedipham is related to parental toxicity.

Desmedipham caused a reduced litter size and a reduced pup weight. The reproduction toxicity seen with Desmedipham is related to parental toxicity.

Ethofumesate did not cause reproductive toxicity in a two-generation study in rats.

Metamitron did not cause reproductive toxicity in a two-generation study in rats.

### Assessment developmental toxicity

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Phenmedipham caused developmental toxicity only at dose levels toxic to the dams. Phenmedipham caused a delayed ossification of foetuses. The developmental effects seen with Phenmedipham are related to maternal toxicity.

Desmedipham caused developmental toxicity only at dose levels toxic to the dams. Desmedipham caused a delayed ossification of foetuses, an increased incidence of variations. The developmental effects seen with Desmedipham are related to maternal toxicity.

Ethofumesate did not cause developmental toxicity in rats and rabbits.

Metamitron did not cause developmental toxicity in rats and rabbits.

### Aspiration hazard

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

## SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### 12.1 Toxicity

<b>Toxicity to fish</b>	LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)) 35 mg/l static test; Exposure time: 96 h
<b>Toxicity to aquatic invertebrates</b>	EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)) 8,2 mg/l static test; Exposure time: 48 h
<b>Chronic toxicity to aquatic invertebrates</b>	NOEC (Daphnia (water flea)): 0,01 mg/l Exposure time: 21 d The value mentioned relates to the active ingredient desmedipham.
<b>Toxicity to aquatic plants</b>	IC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)) 8,6 mg/l static test; Exposure time: 72 h

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

<b>Biodegradability</b>	Phenmedipham: Not rapidly biodegradable Desmedipham: Not rapidly biodegradable Ethofumesate: Not rapidly biodegradable Metamitron: Not rapidly biodegradable
<b>Koc</b>	Phenmedipham: Koc: 888 Desmedipham: Koc: > 5000 Ethofumesate: Koc: 147 Metamitron: Koc: 86,4

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

<b>Bioaccumulation</b>	Phenmedipham: Bioconcentration factor (BCF) 165 Does not bioaccumulate. Desmedipham: Bioconcentration factor (BCF) 157 Does not bioaccumulate. Ethofumesate: Bioconcentration factor (BCF) 144 Does not bioaccumulate. Metamitron:
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Does not bioaccumulate.

### 12.4 Mobility in soil

#### Mobility in soil

Phenmedipham: Slightly mobile in soils  
Desmedipham: Immobile in soil  
Ethofumesate: Moderately mobile in soils  
Metamitron: Moderately mobile in soils

### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

#### PBT and vPvB assessment

Phenmedipham: This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).  
Desmedipham: This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).  
Ethofumesate: This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).  
Metamitron: This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).

### 12.6 Other adverse effects

#### Additional ecological information

No other effects to be mentioned.

## SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

#### Product

Dispose of this product only by using according to the label, or at an approved landfill or other approved facility.

#### Contaminated packaging

Triple rinse containers. Recycle if possible. If allowed under local authority, burn if circumstances, especially wind direction permit, otherwise crush and bury in an approved local authority facility. Do not use container for any other purpose.

## SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

This transportation information is not intended to convey all specific regulatory information relating to this product. It does not address regulatory variations due to package size or special transportation requirements.

### ADR/RID/ADN

14.1 UN number

**3082**

14.2 Proper shipping name

ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.  
(PHENMEDIPHAM, DESMEDIPHAM, ETHOFUMESATE, METAMITRON SOLUTION)

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

9

14.4 Packing group

III

14.5 Environm. Hazardous Mark

YES

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### IMDG

14.1 UN number	<b>3082</b>
14.2 Proper shipping name	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (PHENMEDIPHAM, DESMEDIPHAM, ETHOFUMESATE, METAMITRON SOLUTION)
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	9
14.4 Packing group	III
14.5 Marine pollutant	YES

### IATA

14.1 UN number	<b>3082</b>
14.2 Proper shipping name	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (PHENMEDIPHAM, DESMEDIPHAM, ETHOFUMESATE, METAMITRON SOLUTION )
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	9
14.4 Packing group	III
14.5 Environm. Hazardous Mark	YES

### 14.6 Special precautions for user

See sections 6 to 8 of this Safety Data Sheet.

### 14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

No transport in bulk according to the IBC Code.

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## SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### Further information

HSNO approval-Nr.	HSR100882
HSNO Controls	See <a href="http://www.epa.govt.nz">www.epa.govt.nz</a>
ACVM Reg.	P8851
ACVM Condition	See <a href="http://www.foodsafety.govt.nz">www.foodsafety.govt.nz</a>

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## SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

### Abbreviations and acronyms

ADN	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways
ADR	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
ATE	Acute toxicity estimate
CAS-Nr.	Chemical Abstracts Service number
Conc.	Concentration
ECx	Effective concentration to x %

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EINECS	European inventory of existing commercial substances
ELINCS	European list of notified chemical substances
EN	European Standard
EU	European Union
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IBC	International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships Carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk (IBC Code)
ICx	Inhibition concentration to x %
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods
LCx	Lethal concentration to x %
LDx	Lethal dose to x %
LOEC/LOEL	Lowest observed effect concentration/level
MARPOL	MARPOL: International Convention for the prevention of marine pollution from ships
N.O.S.	Not otherwise specified
NOEC/NOEL	No observed effect concentration/level
OECD	Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development
RID	Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail
TWA	Time weighted average
UN	United Nations
WHO	World health organisation

The data given here is based on current knowledge and experience. The purpose of this Safety Data Sheet is to describe products in terms of their safety requirements. The above details do not imply any guarantee concerning composition, properties or performance of the product.

**Reason for Revision:** Section 2: Hazards Identification. Section 3: Composition / Information on Ingredients. Section 8: Exposure Controls / Personal Protection. Section 11: Toxicological information on STOT (Specific Target Organ Toxicity) and CMR (Carcinogenic, Mutagenic and toxic to Reproduction).

Changes since the last version are highlighted in the margin. This version replaces all previous versions.