

1. IDENTIFICATION

Product Name	Ferric Sodium EDTA
Other Names	Chelated Iron-EDTA 13%; EDTA 13% Fe; EDTA-Fe-13; EDTA-FeNa; Ethylenediaminetetraacetic acid, iron(III) monosodium salt; Sodium feredetate; Sodium ferric ethylenediaminetetraacetate; Sodium iron (III) EDTA; Sodium iron ethylenediaminetetraacetic acid
Uses	Used as complexing agent, oxidizing agent, Photographic materials developed spray and bleaching agent, Plant nutrient.
Chemical Family	No Data Available
Chemical Formula	C ₁₀ H ₁₂ FeN ₂ O ₈ .Na
Chemical Name	Ferric sodium ethylenediaminetetraacetate
Product Description	Iron chelate: 13%

Contact Details of the Supplier of this Safety Data Sheet

Organisation	Location	Telephone
Redox Ltd	2 Swettenham Road Minto NSW 2566 Australia	+61-2-97333000
Redox Ltd	11 Mayo Road Wiri Auckland 2104 New Zealand	+64-9-2506222
Redox Inc.	3960 Paramount Boulevard Suite 107 Lakewood CA 90712 USA	+1-424-675-3200
Redox Chemicals Sdn Bhd	Level 2, No. 8, Jalan Sapir 33/7 Seksyen 33, Shah Alam Premier Industrial Park 40400 Shah Alam Sengalor, Malaysia	+60-3-5614-2111

Emergency Contact Details

For emergencies only; DO NOT contact these companies for general product advice.

Organisation	Location	Telephone
Poisons Information Centre	Westmead NSW	1800-251525 131126
Chemcall	Australia	1800-127406 +64-4-9179888
Chemcall	Malaysia	+64-4-9179888
Chemcall	New Zealand	0800-243622 +64-4-9179888
National Poisons Centre	New Zealand	0800-764766
CHEMTREC	USA & Canada	1-800-424-9300 CN723420 +1-703-527-3887

2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION



Poisons Schedule (Aust) Not Scheduled

Globally Harmonised System

Hazard Classification NOT hazardous according to the criteria of the Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS)

Signal Word None

National Transport Commission (Australia)

Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

Dangerous Goods Classification NOT Dangerous Goods according to the criteria of the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

Safe Work Australia

National Guide for Classifying Hazardous Chemicals under the Model WHS Regulations

Hazard Classification NOT hazardous according to the criteria of Safe Work Australia under Model WHS Regulations

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Ingredients

Chemical Entity	Formula	CAS Number	Proportion
Ferric sodium EDTA	C10H12FeN2O8.Na	15708-41-5	>=99 - 100 %

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of necessary measures according to routes of exposure

Swallowed	IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth, then drink plenty of water. Get medical advice/attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
Eye	IF IN EYES: Immediately flush eyes with running water for several minutes, holding eyelids open and occasionally lifting the upper and lower lids. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing for at least 15 minutes. If eye irritation persists, get medical advice/attention.
Skin	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. If skin irritation occurs, get medical advice/attention.
Inhaled	IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If respiratory symptoms persist, get medical advice/attention.
Advice to Doctor	Treat symptomatically. *Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed: None known.
Medical Conditions Aggravated by Exposure	No information available.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES



General Measures	If safe to do so, move undamaged containers from fire area. Cool containers with water spray until well after fire is out. Dike fire-control water for later disposal.
Flammability Conditions	May burn but does not ignite readily.
Extinguishing Media	Use dry chemical, Carbon dioxide (CO ₂), foam or water spray for extinction. Do not scatter spilled material with high-pressure water streams.
Fire and Explosion Hazard	Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a potential dust explosion hazard.
Hazardous Products of Combustion	Thermal decomposition can lead to the release of irritating gases and vapours. Nitrous gases may be produced.
Special Fire Fighting Instructions	Contain runoff from fire control or dilution water - Runoff may cause pollution.
Personal Protective Equipment	Wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Structural firefighters' protective clothing will only provide limited protection.
Flash Point	No Data Available
Lower Explosion Limit	No Data Available
Upper Explosion Limit	No Data Available
Auto Ignition Temperature	207 °C
Hazchem Code	No Data Available

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

General Response Procedure	Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. ELIMINATE all ignition sources (if dust clouds can occur). Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid generating dust. Avoid breathing dust and contact with eyes, skin and clothing.
Clean Up Procedures	Take up mechanically. Sweep up and shovel into suitable containers for disposal (see SECTION 13).
Containment	Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Prevent dust cloud. Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, basements or confined areas.
Decontamination	Flush remainder with water.
Environmental Precautionary Measures	Avoid release to the environment. Prevent the product from entering drains or waterways.
Evacuation Criteria	Spill or leak area should be isolated immediately. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep unauthorised personnel away.
Personal Precautionary Measures	Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment (see SECTION 8).

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling	Safety showers and eyewash facilities should be provided within the immediate work area for emergency use. Ensure adequate ventilation. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Minimise dust generation and accumulation. Avoid breathing dust and contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Do not ingest. Use personal protective equipment as required (see SECTION 8). Dry powders can build static electricity charges when subjected to the friction of transfer and mixing operations. Provide adequate precautions, such as electrical grounding and bonding, or inert atmospheres.
Storage	Store in a cool, dry and well-ventilated place, out of direct sunlight. Keep container tightly closed. Containers which are opened should be properly resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Protect from moisture - Product is hygroscopic. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition - No smoking. Keep away from foodstuffs and incompatible materials (see SECTION 10).
Container	Keep in the original container. *Incompatible materials: Aluminium.



8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

General	No specific exposure standards are available for this product. For Iron salts, soluble (as Fe): - Safe Work Australia Exposure Standard: TWA = 1 mg/m ³ - New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standard: TWA = 1 mg/m ³
Exposure Limits	No Data Available
Biological Limits	No information available.
Engineering Measures	A system of local and/or general exhaust is recommended to keep employee exposures as low as possible. Local exhaust ventilation is generally preferred because it can control the emissions of the contaminant at its source, preventing dispersion of it into the general work area.
Personal Protection Equipment	- Respiratory protection: In case of inadequate ventilation, wear respiratory protection. Recommended: Dust mask/particulate respirator (refer to AS/NZS 1715 & 1716). - Eye/face protection: Wear appropriate eye protection to avoid eye contact. Recommended: Chemical goggles or face shield with safety glasses. - Hand protection: Handle with gloves. Recommended: Chemically resistant protective gloves. - Skin/body protection: Wear appropriate personal protective clothing to avoid skin contact. Recommended: Overalls, safety shoes.
Special Hazards Precautions	No information available.
Work Hygienic Practices	Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. Routine housekeeping should be instituted to ensure that dusts do not accumulate on surfaces.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical State	Solid
Appearance	Powder or microgranular
Odour	Odourless
Colour	Yellow-green
pH	3.8 - 6.0
Vapour Pressure	No Data Available
Relative Vapour Density	No Data Available
Boiling Point	No Data Available
Melting Point	No Data Available
Freezing Point	No Data Available
Solubility	Soluble in water (72 g/l) 25°C (pH=5)
Specific Gravity	No Data Available
Flash Point	No Data Available
Auto Ignition Temp	207 °C
Evaporation Rate	No Data Available
Bulk Density	No Data Available
Corrosion Rate	No Data Available
Decomposition Temperature	No Data Available
Density	1.78 g/cm ³
Specific Heat	No Data Available
Molecular Weight	No Data Available
Net Propellant Weight	No Data Available
Octanol Water Coefficient	Log Pow: -8.841
Particle Size	No Data Available
Partition Coefficient	No Data Available



Saturated Vapour Concentration	No Data Available
Vapour Temperature	No Data Available
Viscosity	No Data Available
Volatile Percent	No Data Available
VOC Volume	No Data Available
Additional Characteristics	No information available.
Potential for Dust Explosion	Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a potential dust explosion hazard.
Fast or Intensely Burning Characteristics	No information available.
Flame Propagation or Burning Rate of Solid Materials	No information available.
Non-Flammables That Could Contribute Unusual Hazards to a Fire	No information available.
Properties That May Initiate or Contribute to Fire Intensity	May burn but does not ignite readily.
Reactions That Release Gases or Vapours	Thermal decomposition can lead to the release of irritating gases and vapours. Nitrous gases may be produced.
Release of Invisible Flammable Vapours and Gases	No information available.

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

General Information	No dangerous reactions known under normal conditions of use.
Chemical Stability	Stable under normal conditions.
Conditions to Avoid	Avoid generating dust. Avoid water/humidity. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.
Materials to Avoid	Incompatible/reactive strong oxidising agents, strong acids, strong bases, aluminium.
Hazardous Decomposition Products	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced. Thermal decomposition can lead to the release of irritating gases and vapours. Nitrous gases may be produced.
Hazardous Polymerisation	No information available.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

General Information	<p>Information on toxicological effects:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Acute toxicity: Not classified. - Skin corrosion/irritation: Not classified. - Eye damage/irritation: Not classified. - Respiratory/skin sensitisation: Not classified. - Germ cell mutagenicity: Not classified. - Carcinogenicity: Not classified. - Reproductive toxicity: Not classified. - STOT (single exposure): Not classified. - STOT (repeated exposure): Not classified. - Aspiration toxicity: Not classified. <p>Information on likely routes of exposure:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Ingestion: Ingestion may cause irritation to mucous membranes. - Eye contact: No eye irritation. - Skin contact: Non-irritating to the skin.
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- Inhalation: Inhalation of vapours in high concentration may cause irritation of respiratory system.
Chronic effects: No information available.

Acute

Ingestion	Acute toxicity (Oral): - LD50, Rat: >2,000 mg/kg bw [Supplier's SDS].
Other	Acute toxicity (Dermal): - LD50, Rat: >2,000 mg/kg bw. [Supplier's SDS].
Inhalation	Acute toxicity (Inhalation): - LC50, Rat: >2.75 mg/l (4 h) [Supplier's SDS].
Carcinogen Category	None

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity	Aquatic toxicity: - Acute LC50, Fish: >100 mg/L (86 h) [OECD 203; Supplier's SDS]. - Acute EC50, Daphnia: 100.9 mg/L (48 h) [OECD 202; Supplier's SDS].
Persistence/Degradability	EDTA is not readily biodegradable according to OECD criteria, but ultimately biodegradable under special environmental conditions [ECHA].
Mobility	No information available.
Environmental Fate	The product is not considered harmful to aquatic organisms nor to cause long-term adverse effects in the environment.
Bioaccumulation Potential	No information available.
Environmental Impact	No Data Available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

General Information	This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner. Collect and reclaim waste from residues/unused product(s) or dispose of in sealed containers at a licensed waste disposal site and in accordance with local/regional/national regulations.
Special Precautions for Land Fill	Contaminated packaging: Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**Land Transport (Australia)**

ADG Code	
Proper Shipping Name	Ferric Sodium EDTA
Class	No Data Available
Subsidiary Risk(s)	No Data Available
	No Data Available
UN Number	No Data Available
Hazchem	No Data Available
Pack Group	No Data Available
Special Provision	No Data Available



Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for LAND transport.

Land Transport (Malaysia)

ADR Code

Proper Shipping Name Ferric Sodium EDTA
Class No Data Available
Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available
 No Data Available
UN Number No Data Available
Hazchem No Data Available
Pack Group No Data Available
Special Provision No Data Available
Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for LAND transport.

Land Transport (New Zealand)

NZS5433

Proper Shipping Name Ferric Sodium EDTA
Class No Data Available
Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available
 No Data Available
UN Number No Data Available
Hazchem No Data Available
Pack Group No Data Available
Special Provision No Data Available
Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for LAND transport.

Land Transport (United States of America)

US DOT

Proper Shipping Name Ferric Sodium EDTA
Class No Data Available
Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available
 No Data Available
UN Number No Data Available
Hazchem No Data Available
Pack Group No Data Available
Special Provision No Data Available
Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for LAND transport.

Sea Transport

IMDG Code

Proper Shipping Name Ferric Sodium EDTA
Class No Data Available
Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available
UN Number No Data Available
Hazchem No Data Available
Pack Group No Data Available
Special Provision No Data Available
EMS No Data Available



Marine Pollutant	No
Comments	NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for SEA transport.

Air Transport

IATA DGR

Proper Shipping Name	Ferric Sodium EDTA
Class	No Data Available
Subsidiary Risk(s)	No Data Available
UN Number	No Data Available
Hazchem	No Data Available
Pack Group	No Data Available
Special Provision	No Data Available
Comments	NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for AIR transport.

National Transport Commission (Australia)

Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

Dangerous Goods Classification	NOT Dangerous Goods according to the criteria of the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail (ADG Code)
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15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

General Information	No Data Available
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Poisons Schedule (Aust)	Not Scheduled
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Environmental Protection Authority (New Zealand)

Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Amendment Act 2015

Approval Code	Not Hazardous
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National/Regional Inventories

Australia (AIC)	Listed
Canada (DSL)	Listed
Canada (NDSL)	Not Listed
China (IECSC)	Listed
Europe (EINECS)	239-802-2
Europe (REACH)	01-2119496228-27-0005 (CHELFE4500 & CHELFE4505 only).
Japan (ENCS/METI)	Not Determined
Korea (KECI)	Listed
Malaysia (EHS Register)	Not Determined



New Zealand (NZIoC)	Listed
Philippines (PICCS)	Listed
Switzerland (Giftliste 1)	Not Determined
Switzerland (Inventory of Notified Substances)	Not Determined
Taiwan (NCSR)	Listed
USA (TSCA)	Listed

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Related Product Codes	CHELFE4000, CHELFE4100, CHELFE4200, CHELFE4201, CHELFE4202, CHELFE4300, CHELFE4301, CHELFE4400, CHELFE4500, CHELFE4505, CHELFE4510, CHELFE4520, CHELFE4530, CHELFE4599, CHELFE6000, CHELFE9900
Revision	6
Revision Date	25 Aug 2023
Key/Legend	<p>< Less Than > Greater Than AICS Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances atm Atmosphere CAS Chemical Abstracts Service (Registry Number) cm² Square Centimetres CO₂ Carbon Dioxide COD Chemical Oxygen Demand deg C (°C) Degrees Celcius EPA (New Zealand) Environmental Protection Authority of New Zealand deg F (°F) Degrees Farenheit g Grams g/cm³ Grams per Cubic Centimetre g/l Grams per Litre HSNO Hazardous Substance and New Organism IDLH Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health immiscible Liquids are insoluable in each other. inHg Inch of Mercury inH₂O Inch of Water K Kelvin kg Kilogram kg/m³ Kilograms per Cubic Metre lb Pound LC₅₀ LC stands for lethal concentration. LC50 is the concentration of a material in air which causes the death of 50% (one half) of a group of test animals. The material is inhaled over a set period of time, usually 1 or 4 hours. LD₅₀ LD stands for Lethal Dose. LD50 is the amount of a material, given all at once, which causes the death of 50% (one half) of a group of test animals. ltr or L Litre m³ Cubic Metre mbar Millibar mg Milligram mg/24H Milligrams per 24 Hours mg/kg Milligrams per Kilogram mg/m³ Milligrams per Cubic Metre Misc or Miscible Liquids form one homogeneous liquid phase regardless of the amount of either component present. mm Millimetre mmH₂O Millimetres of Water mPa.s Millipascals per Second N/A Not Applicable NIOSH National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health NOHSC National Occupational Heath and Safety Commission</p>



SAFETY DATA SHEET FERRIC SODIUM EDTA REVISION 6, DATE 25 AUG 2023

OECD Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

Oz Ounce

PEL Permissible Exposure Limit

Pa Pascal

ppb Parts per Billion

ppm Parts per Million

ppm/2h Parts per Million per 2 Hours

ppm/6h Parts per Million per 6 Hours

psi Pounds per Square Inch

R Rankine

RCP Reciprocal Calculation Procedure

STEL Short Term Exposure Limit

TLV Threshold Limit Value

tne Tonne

TWA Time Weighted Average

ug/24H Micrograms per 24 Hours

UN United Nations

wt Weight

